

Integrated European Social Statistics

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Outline

- Background
- Integrated European Social Statistics Framework Regulation (IESS FR)
- Standardisation of social variables
- LFS new and deleted content
- LFS input harmonisation
- SILC modularization and other improvements
- SILC regionalization



Background

'Establishing a common framework for European statistics relating to persons and households, based on data at individual level collected from samples'

- Streamlining and integration of social surveys
- Standardisation of concepts and methods
- Harmonisation of variables

Aiming at

- Increased timeliness and relevance
- Higher quality, coherence and comparability



Background

Surveys covered

- Labour Force Survey (LFS)
- Statistics on Income and Living Conditions (SILC)
- Survey on ICT usage in households (ICT-HH)
- Adult Education Survey (AES)
- Health Interview Survey (EHIS)
- Household Budget Survey (HBS)
- Time Use Survey (TUS)



Integrated European Social Statistics Framework Regulation (IESS FR)

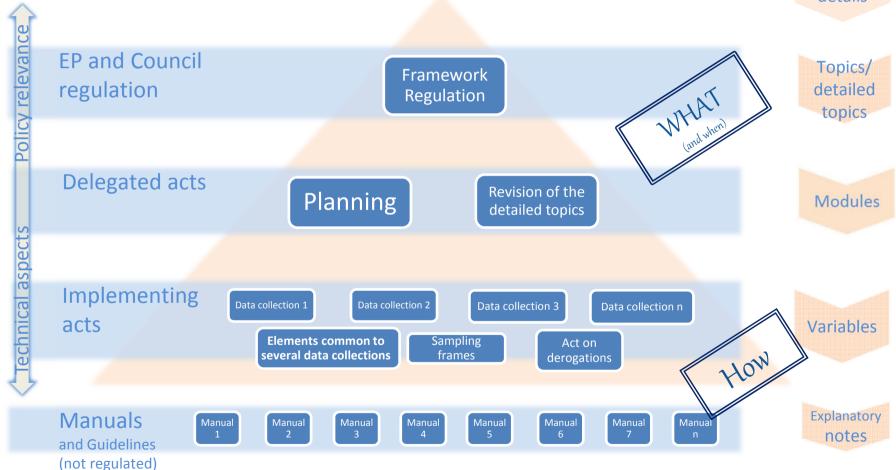
- Timing
 - First stage: LFS, SILC, ICT (HHs), AES, EHIS
 - Second stage: HBS and TUS
- Legal architecture based on a pyramid
 - Most policy driven part on the top
 - Most technical part at the bottom
- Content
 - A core text plus several
 - Annexes (topics covered; precision requirements; sample characteristics; periodicity; data transmission deadlines)



IESS

Integrated European Social Statistics

Level of details





- Domains (labour market, income and living conditions,...), topics, detailed topics
- Precision requirements: better defined, common formulation
- Sample characteristics
 - LFS: distributional requirements, compulsory quarterly and annual overlap
 - SILC: distributional requirements, six-year rotation scheme



- Periodicity
 - LFS: quarterly, annually, biennially or every 8 years; ad-hoc subjects every 4 years
 - SILC: annual, triennial or sexennial information; ad-hoc subjects every 2 years
 - ICT-HH: annually
 - AES, EHIS: every 6 years
 - HBS: every 5 years
 - TUS: every 10 years



EU-LFS over a 8-year period

| Nucleus (all years) | | | | Every 2 years | Every 8 years | | | |
|---|-------|---------------------|-----|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Quarterly variables | | Yearly variables | | Biennial variables | Regular modules/ad-hoc subjects | | | |
| Demography | Q | Further details | Υ . | Reason for migrating | Work organisation and working time arrangements | | | |
| Labour market participation | | | | Reason for inigrating | Accidents at work and other work-related health problems | | | |
| Job tenure and previous work experience | q q | | | Atypical work | Labour market situation of migrants and their immediate descendants Module on ad-hoc subject | | | |
| Working conditions incl. working | hours | | | Participation in education | Transition from work into retirement | | | |
| and working time arrangements | ts | | | and training 12 months | Young people on the labour market | | | |
| Educational attainment and background | Q | | | Minimum health module | Reconciliation between work and family life | | | |
| Participation in education and training | | | | wiiiiiiidiii neattii mouule | Module on ad-hoc subject | | | |



EU-SILC over a 6-year period

| Nucleus (all years) (EU2020, main indicators) | Y E A R | Every 3-year modules Max. 20 var. each, indicative order only | Every 6-year modules Max. 20 var. each, indicative order only |
|---|------------------|--|--|
| Income (revised) Material | 1 | Health | Quality of life, social & cultural participation |
| Deprivation Economic activity | 2 | Children | New policy needs 1 |
| Demography Education | 3 | Labour & housing conditions | Over-indebtedness, wealth, consumption |
| Child care Housing costs | 4 | Health | New policy needs 2 |
| Health Quality of Life | 5 | Children | Access to services, social transfers in kind |
| 1st wave Miscalleneous | 6 | Labour & housing conditions | Intergenerational & Homelessness?/New policy 3 |



- Transmission deadlines
 - LFS:
 - Quarterly: from 12 over 10 to 8 weeks
 - Other (annual, household, modules): from 31 March N+1 to 15
 March N+1
 - SILC:
 - Cross-sectional for year N: by end of year N; final income data, exceptionally, by end of February N+1
 - Longitudinal (six years ending in year N): by 31 October N+1



- Adopted by the Commission on 24 August 2016 COM (2016)551
- Currently discussed by Council and Parliament (might lead to changes!)
- Agreement on legal act expected by end 2017
- Current planning: implementation starts in 2019



IESS – common legal acts

- Planning: timing of surveys and modules
- Sampling frames
- Common elements (standardised variables; definition of resident population; household; ((dependent) child...)
- Quality (including definition of proxy answers; non-response)



IESS – domain specific legal acts

- LFS implementing measures
- Monthly Unemployment Rate (first time ever)
- SILC implementing measures

• ...



- First attempts more than 10 years ago
- IESS: Implementation of standardised variables strengthened through inclusion in legislation
- Affects elements common to several datasets



- Variables used in more than one EU social survey
 - Concepts and data transmission categories to be standardised
 - Aim: detailed methodological manual ('standard descriptions')
 - Some precise information into implementing act on common elements
- 28 variables concerned
 - 18 core social variables: in all data collections
 - 10 standardised variables: in at least two data collections





| | Variables | P1/P2 variable | Core variable |
|--------------|--|-------------------|------------------|
| | (1) Sex | P1 | Yes |
| | (2) Age in completed years | P1 | Yes |
| | (3) Household grid | P1 | |
| | (4) Partners living in the same household | P1 | Yes |
| | (5) Household size | P1 | Yes |
| S | (6) Household type | P1 | Yes |
| P1 variables | (7) Tenure status of the household | P1 | |
| aria | (8) Main activity status (self-defined) | P1 | Yes |
|)1 v | (9) Full- or part-time main job (self-defined) | P1 | Yes |
| | (10) Permanency of main job | P1 | |
| | (11) Educational attainment level | P1 | Yes |
| | (12) Participation in formal education and training (student or apprentice) in <reference period=""></reference> | P1 | |
| | (13) Level of the current/most recent formal education or training activity | P1 | |



| | Variables | P1/P2 variable | Core variable |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------|
| | (14) Country of birth | P2 | Yes |
| | (15) Country of main citizenship | P2 | Yes |
| | (16) Country of birth of the father | P2 | Yes |
| | (17) Country of birth of the mother | P2 | Yes |
| | (18) Duration of stay in the country of residence in completed years | P2 | |
| | (19) Country of residence | P2 | Yes |
| ² 2 variables | (20) Region of residence | P2 | Yes |
| aria | (21) Degree of urbanisation | P2 | Yes |
| 2 2 | (22) Status in employment in the main job | P2 | Yes |
| | (23) Economic activity of the local unit for main job (economic sector) | P2 | Yes |
| | (24) Occupation in main job | P2 | Yes |
| | (25) Self-perceived general health | P2 | |
| | (26) Long-standing health problem | P2 | |
| | (27) Limitation in activities because of health problems | P2 | |
| | (28) Current household income | P2 | |



Example: P1 variable 'SEX'

- Name of the variable: Sex
- Variable definition: The variable refers to the biological and physiological characteristics that define a person to be either male or female.
- Categories for the variable: Male, Female
- Topic and detailed topic: Person and household characteristics, Demography
- Implementation guidelines, reference questions,...



LFS - new content

- Interview mode, sampling information
- Country of birth of father/mother, country of previous residence, reason for migrating
- Dependent self-employment: existence of main client, main reason for becoming self-employed
- Contractual working hours, better measurement of absences, usual working hours second job, variability of working time



LFS - new content

- Self-declared main activity status compulsory
- Work experience at a workplace as part of HATLEVEL
- Participation in education and training 4 weeks
 AND 12 months
- Minimum health module (self-perceived health status, limitation in activities)
- Better wage deciles

• ...



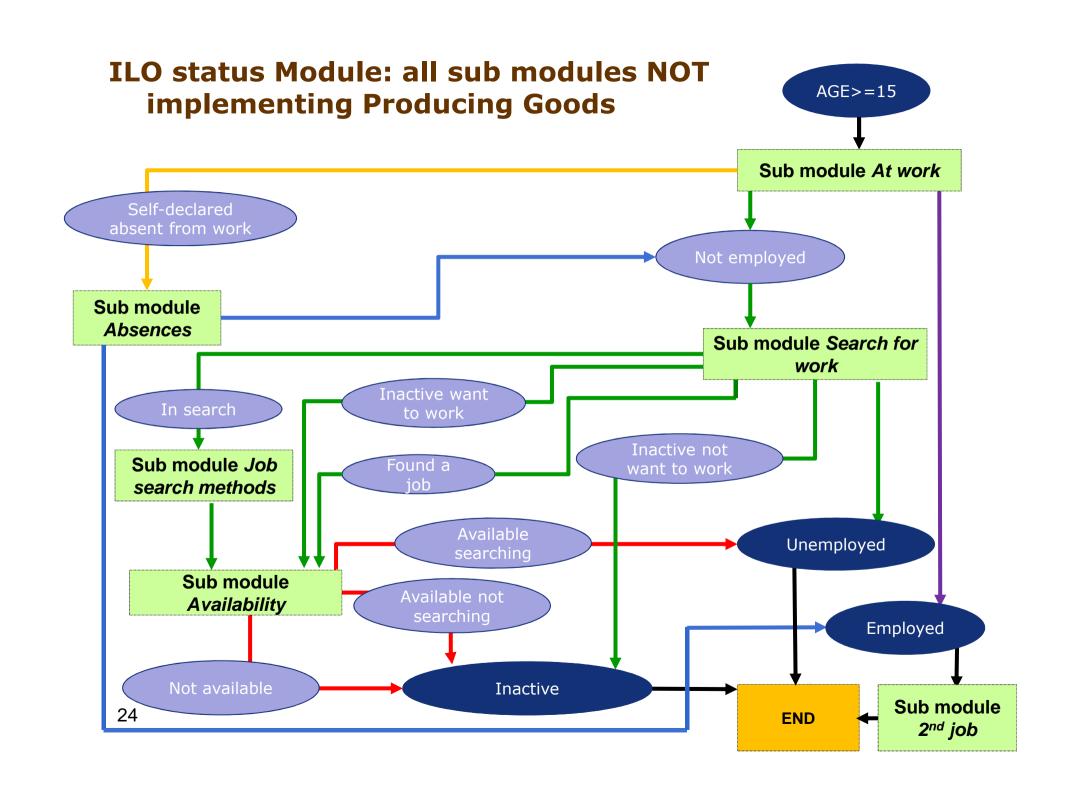
LFS - deleted content

- Marital status
- Distinction paid/unpaid overtime
- Reason for exact hours worked
- Detailed job search methods
- Voluntary education variables
- Situation one year before
- ...

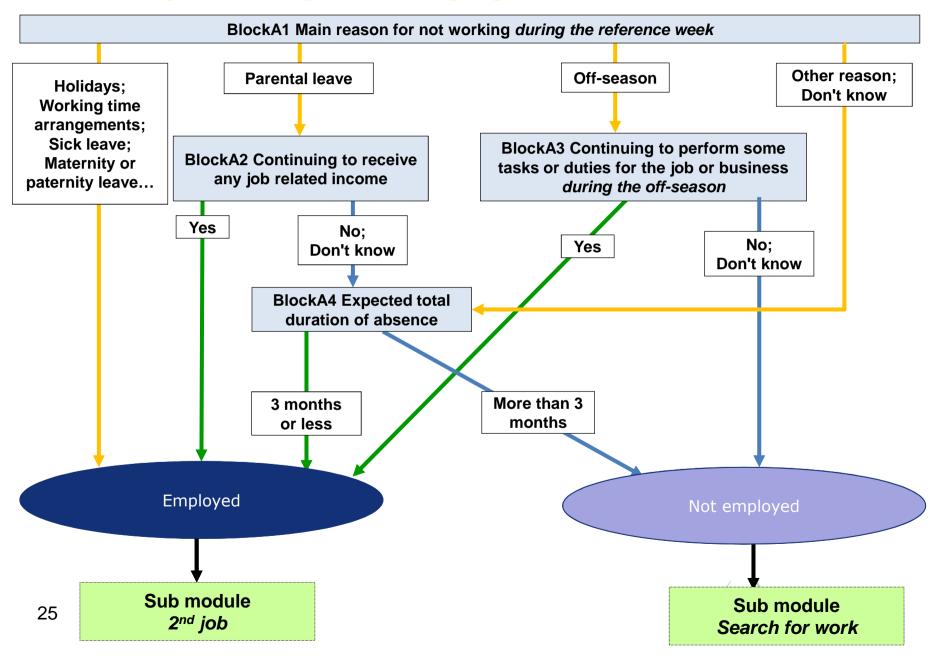


LFS – input harmonisation: flowcharts and model questionnaires

- IESS FR allows input harmonisation for measuring employment/unemployment in the labour market domain in the LFS implementing act
- **Flowcharts**/model questionnaires defining order and formulation of questions on the labour status
- In parallel aligning the LFS to the 19th ICLS –
 October 2013 resolution concerning statistics of
 work, employment and labour underutilization



Sub module 'Absences from work (for the main job)' NOT implementing Producing Agricultural Goods





LFS – input harmonisation: consequences

- Increased harmonisation, but
- Breaks in series in several countries
 - EU2020 indicators
 - Macroeconomic imbalance procedure
- How to assess the size of the break, given that many other things will change in parallel?
 - Parallel data collection old/new LFS
 - Comparison with external, e.g. administrative sources
 - Modelling



SILC improvements

- The new modular structure will allow a rationalization of EU-SILC content
- Space for new policy needs
- Currently cognitive and full scale tests are ongoing to finalize the list of variables
- Need for detailed income from benefit to feed Euromod
- Proposal of a reference questionnaire and more input harmonization (on some variables)



SILC improvements: longitudinal component

- Policy needs:
 - Strengthen indicators on year-to-year transition
 - Improving the measurement of persistent-AROP
 - Identify/monitor the recurrence of poverty
- Technical solution:
 - Increase the number of years of the rotational design, to 6 years



SILC: new longitudinal component

| YEAR: | | v | | y+2 | | <u>y+4</u> | | y+6 | | y+8 | | y+10 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------------|------|-------|------|------|------|----------------|
| Panel | | | | , | | <u> </u> | | 7 1 0 | | 7.0 | | y 1 2 5 |
| P | 1260 | 1008 | 907 | | | | | | | | | |
| P+1 | 1800 | 1260 | 1008 | 907 | | | | | | | | |
| P+2 | | 1800 | 1260 | 1008 | 907 | 489 | 440 | | | | | |
| P+3 | | | 1800 | 1260 | 1008 | 907 | 489 | 440 | | | | |
| P+4 | | | | 1800 | 1260 | 1008 | 907 | 489 | 440 | | | |
| P+5 | | | | | 1800 | 1260 | 1008 | 907 | 489 | 440 | | |
| P+6 | | | | | | 1374 | 962 | 770 | 693 | 624 | 562 | |
| P+7 | | | | | | | 1374 | 962 | 770 | 693 | 624 | 562 |
| P+8 | | | | | | | | 1374 | 962 | 770 | 693 | 624 |
| P+9 | | | | | | | | | 1374 | 962 | 770 | 693 |
| P+10 | | | | | | | | | | 1374 | 962 | 770 |
| P+11 | | | | | | | | | | | 1374 | 962 |
| P+12 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1374 |
| Total annual sample | | | 4975 | 4975 | 4975 | 5038 | 5180 | 4942 | 4728 | 4863 | 4985 | 4985 |
| Of which for the Permanent AROP | | | 907 | 907 | 907 | 1396 | 1836 | 1836 | 1622 | 1757 | 1879 | 1879 |



SILC improvements: regional data

- National AROPE indicator → confidence interval from ±1 pp for large countries to ±1.5 pp for small ones
- Regional AROPE indicator → confidence interval from ±2.8 (regions > 2 million HH) to ±4.0 pp. (from 0.25 million HH)
- Data representative at NUTS2 level