

Leibniz Institute for the Social Sciences





Five Ways to Turn Your Dataset into Clickbait

Meet the Experts – GESIS online talks

Knowledge technologies for the Social Science: Access to Social Science Data and Services

Brigitte Mathiak, 15.2.2024





Speaker's introduction



Leibniz Institute for the Social Sciences

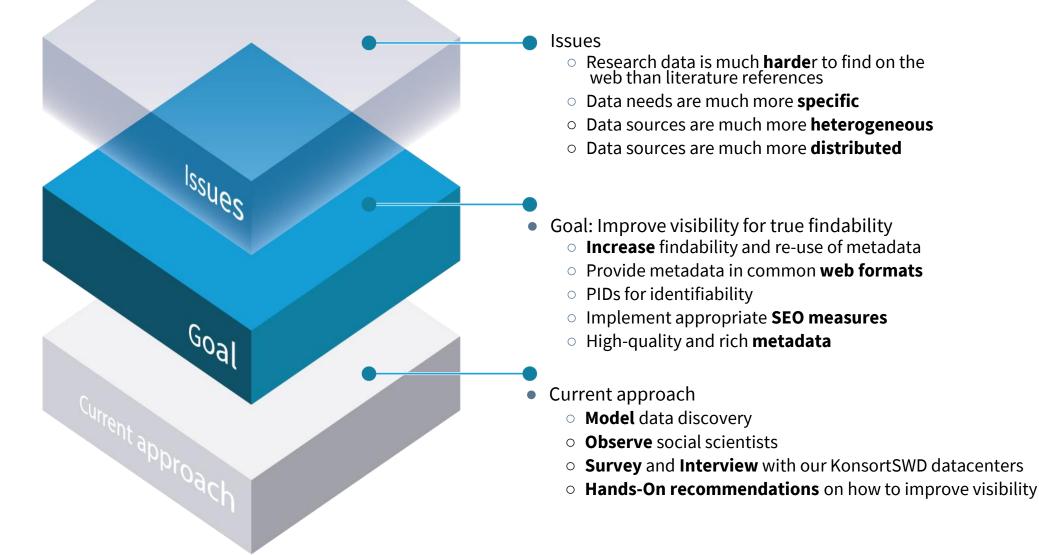
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Dr. Brigitte Mathiak

- Computer scientist
- I specialize in
 - Knowledge Discovery from Scientific Texts
 - Dataset Discovery
 - Research Infrastructure
- I am very active in the research data community
 - Research Data Alliance (co-chair of two groups)
 - Active in four consortia of the National German Research Data Infrastructure
 - Deputy spokesperson of the section (meta)data, terminologies and provenance
 - Co-chair of the GoFAIR Initiative on Data Discovery
- Projects
 - CodeInspector (Bring Social Science software into GESIS)
 - UnknownData (Find unknown datasets)
 - SmartER (Extraction of Author Affiliations)
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"I put it on the Internet. What more do you want?"



Data Findability - or



Our model of the discovery process

Data discovery is complex [1]

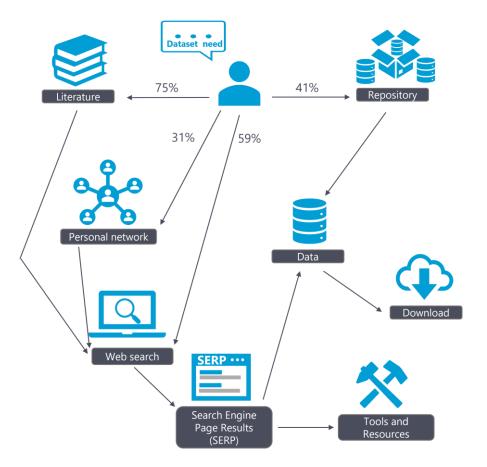
- **75%** of researchers often rely on literature review
- **59%** of researchers rely on search engines
- **41%** use domain data repositories

Focus on the lower path(s)

- If someone found the name of a dataset in the literature (<3% use links or DOI), how do they get to the download page?
- If someone types in a data-related query in a web search engine, will they find the relevant data

Single point of failure

- Dataset does not show up in web search
- Query terms do not match the description
- Description is not available the first place
- Users cannot find the relevant repository



The percentages are taken from [1] and denote percentages of users who use this method "Often" in dataset search, rather than "Occasionally" or "Never".

[1] Gregory, K., Groth, P., Scharnhorst, A., & Wyatt, S. (2020, April 30). Lost or Found? Discovering Data Needed for Research. Harvard Data Science Review, 2. doi:10.1162/99608f92.e38165eb



The crux of data findability

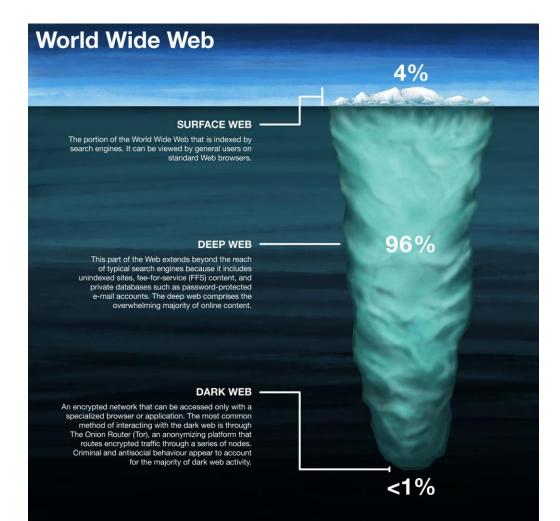
Does the download link for your dataset appear, when you type in the name or acronym of the dataset into web search?

• This depends on the repository or website you choose for publication



Deep Web

- Most of the content on the internet is published, but is not actually available for search
- Unfortunately, this includes many sites concerning research data
- Repository owners need to invest considerable energy to keep their content floating

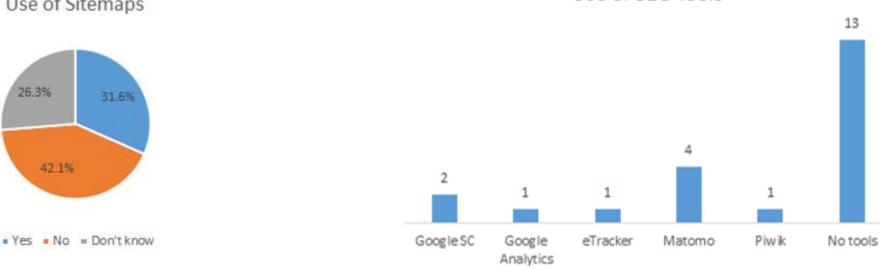




Survey on Social Science data centers Available tools to guide SEO are underused

- **Sitemaps** are vital to communicate which content should be indexed
- Without proper tools to **monitor web traffic**, repositories cannot know what the problems are
- Google Search Console is free of charge and only displays data already collected, so there are no issues with privacy

Use of SEO Tools

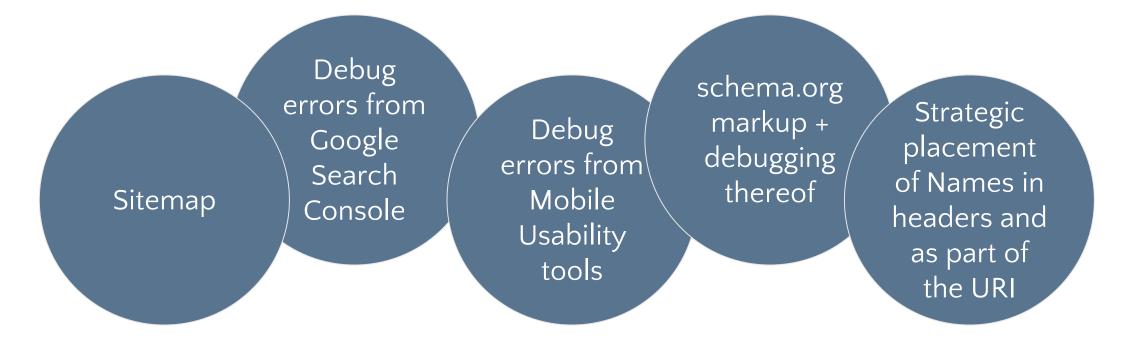


Use of Sitemaps



What SEO measures did we take?

Most **important** measure is to use monitoring tools!



And keeping with new trends which pop up every year...



Impact of SEO measures on the repository level

| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|-------------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Impressions | (102.400) | 513.000 | 1.163.824 | 1.930.956 | 5.340.000 |
| Clicks | (6.840) | 29.200 | 45.915 | 53.249 | 79.000 |

Total impressions (times that search results showed up on any result page on any query in the given year) Total Clicks (times that someone clicked on the result in the given year) Source: Google Search Console for search.gesis.org

- This is influenced by the other factors as well
- We also consult data center within the NFDI consortium KonsortSWD

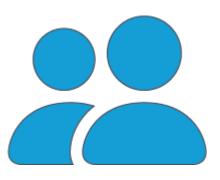


- Deposit your data with a good repository
 - Look for repositories that are easy to find with web search
 - Make sure dataset specific subpages are findable
 - PIDs, ideally DOIs, are highly recommendable
 - Membership in national and international networks is also important
 - Having an additional project website for the data is also an option, if you want the flexibility



Observation study

"In the context of your research you need research data. For today, you decide to start with the search for research data."







We observed **12** social scientists searching for research data in their natural office environment We recorded the screencasts and what they would explain about their process

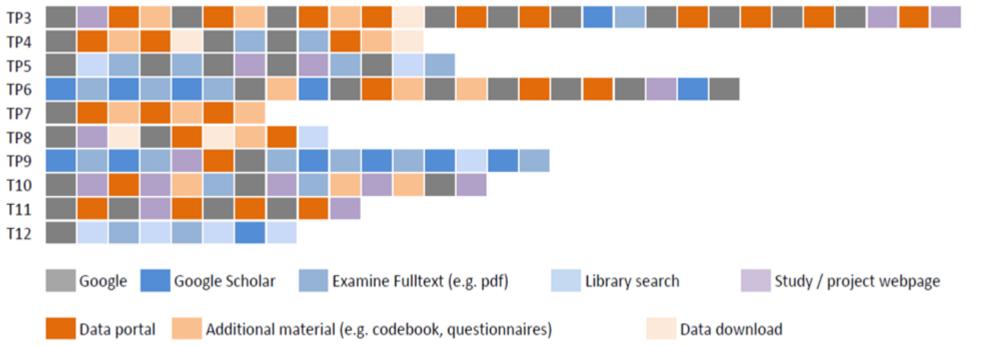
Semi-structured interviews after the experiment

published in: [2] Krämer, T., Papenmeier, A., Carevic, Z., Kern, D., Mathiak, B. (2021). Data Seeking Behaviour in the Social



Interaction diagram

Visualization of interaction sequences of ten participants (P3-P12). Each box represents one interaction



83% find their data through literature [2]
80% in a survey among 1,458 social scientists [3]
75% in a survey among 1,677 scientists [1]

[3] Friedrich, Tanja. (2020). Looking for data: Information seeking behaviour of survey data users. 10.18452/22173.

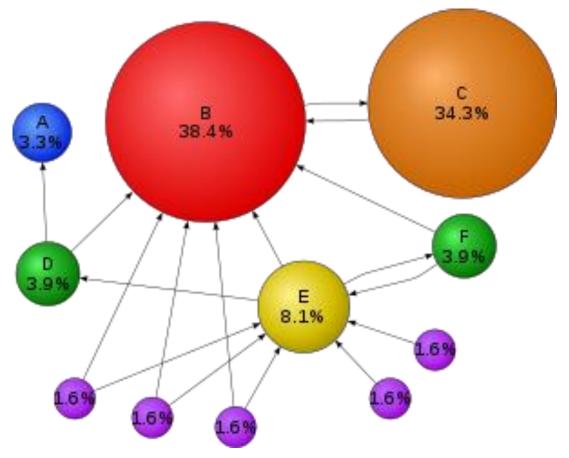


- Deposit your data with a good repository, e.g. GESIS
- Write papers about your dataset
 - Make sure to use the DOI and the name and any name variants
 - Inspire others to write even more papers on your data



Ranking in Web search

PageRank algorithm



- Websites are more likely to rank high, when they are linked to from websites, which are ranked highly themselves
- Academic websites usually have a good starting rank
- As does Wikipedia

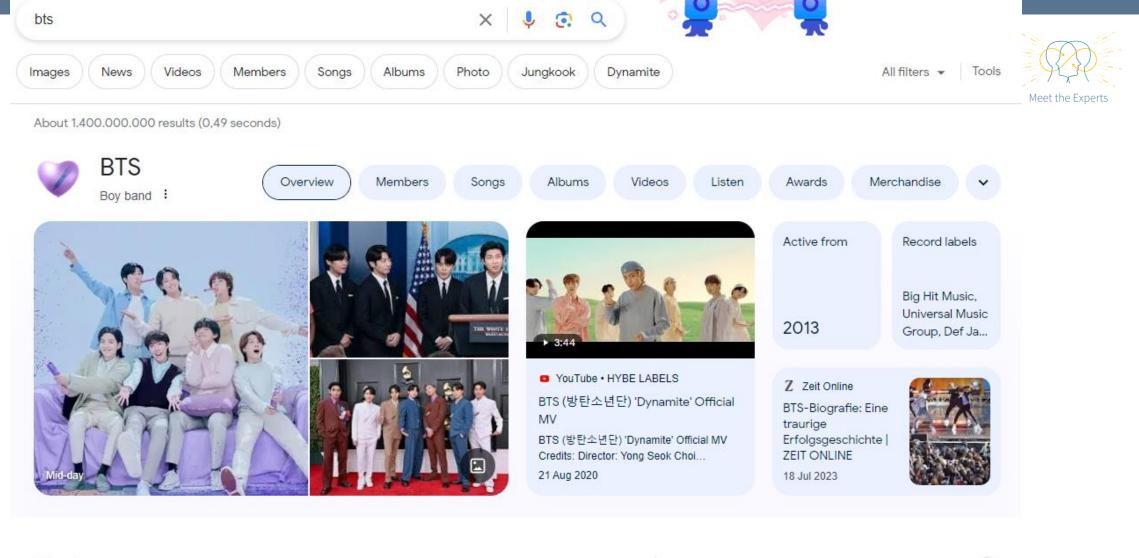


- Deposit your data with a good repository, e.g. GESIS
- Write papers about your dataset
- Make high class links to your dataset
 - Link to it from your personal homepage, e.g. CV, institution webpage
 - Use it in teaching
 - Consider writing a blog or Wikipedia article about it



Names and Acronyms

- Imagine you had a study on the Bundestag and you want to call it the Bundestagstudie (BTS)
- Let's see what happens...



Members >

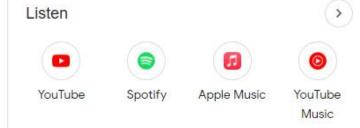












Jungkook Main Vocals

Vocals

Main Dancer

Lead Rapper

Jin Vocals

j-hope Rapper

Names and Acronyms

- Imagine you had a study on the Bundestag and you want to call it the Bundestagstudie (BTS)
- That is not a good idea
- Likewise, please avoid common names and proper words, like family, age, etc.
- Make to sure Google both the name and the acronym beforehand

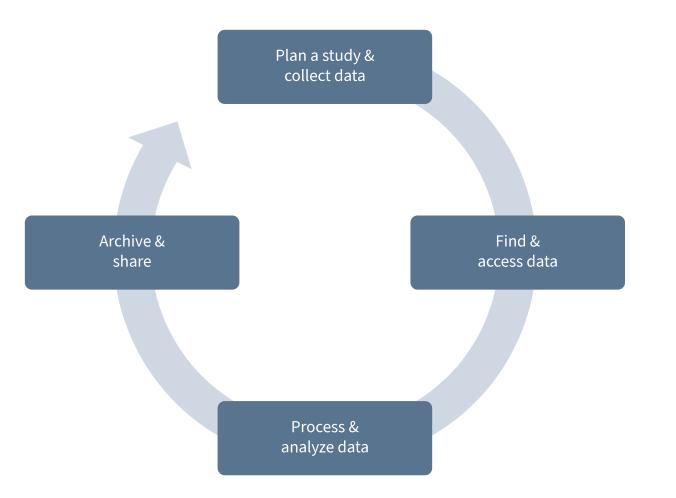




- Deposit your data with a good repository, e.g. GESIS
- Write papers about your dataset
- Make high class links to your dataset
- Google both the name and the acronym of your dataset, before you settle on a name



Research data cycle



- Finding and accessing data is not enough
- The research data cycle only comes into full swing when other scientists are able to re-use the data
- Data that cannot be reused is not going to be cited



- Deposit your data with a good repository, e.g. GESIS
- Write papers about your dataset
- Make high class links to your dataset
- Google both the name and the acronym of your dataset, before you settle on a name
- Provide rich metadata and documentation, so others can re-use your data



The Future

- We are planning a study on the impact of ChatGPT on data retrieval
 - Both the actual impact on user behavior, but also how useful ChatGPT is to find data
- Structures are shifting and it is possible that soon metasearch engines will play a more important role for data retrieval



Expert contact & GESIS consulting



Leibniz Institute for the Social Sciences

> **Contact**: you can reach the speaker/s via e-mail: Dr. Brigitte Mathiak [brigitte.mathiak@gesis.org]

GESIS Consulting: GESIS offers individual consulting in a number of areas – including survey design & methodology, data archiving, digital behavioral data & computational social science – and across the research data cycle.

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Upcoming talks

- 15.02.2024: Five ways to turn your dataset into click bait
- 14.03.2024: Searching the social sciences with GESIS Search
- 11.04.2024: How knowledge graphs can help you to share research data and information
- 16.05.2024: Opportunities and challenges of Large Language Models for the social sciences
- 13.06.2024: Preserving and analysing large-scale Twitter data
- 11.07.2024: Introduction to scholarly information extraction

Please visit our meet-the-experts website:

<u>https://www.gesis.org/en/services/sharing-knowledge/consulting-and-guidelines/meet-</u> <u>the-experts</u>





Thank you for participating!