EUINTRO
I would now like to ask some questions about the balance between work and family life. The questions are asked in all EU countries during 2010.

MAINFILTER ALL PERSONS AGED 15-64

Questions EU1 and EU2 are asked of all persons aged 15-64 with at least one child aged 14 or younger living in the household:

TO INTERVIEWER ON THE SCREEN
IF CHILD LIVING IN THE HOUSEHOLD UNDER 14 YEARS
You have answered earlier that you (or your partner) have children aged 14 or younger and who live in your household. First there is a question about childcare. Childcare refers to preschool/daycare, preschool class, leisure time centres, and home daycare centres. Time spent in compulsory school is not counted as childcare.

IF CHILD LIVING IN THE HOUSEHOLD 12-14 YEARS
You have answered earlier that you (or your partner) have children aged 14 or younger and who live in your household. First there is a question about childcare. Time spent in compulsory school is not counted as childcare.

Question EU1a  IF MORE THAN ONE CHILD
Does the youngest child living in the household attend some kind of childcare?

Question EU1b
Does the child living in the household attend some form of childcare?

1  YES
2  NO  Skip EU3
8  DO NOT KNOW  Skip EU3
9  PARTIAL NONRESPONSE  Skip EU3

TO INTERVIEWER ON THE SCREEN

IF RESPONDENT HAS SHARED CUSTODY THEN ONLY THE CHILDCARE FOR THE RESPONDENT'S NEED IS TO BE COUNTED.

Question EU2
How many hours of childcare do you have a week? Time in compulsory school shall not be included

1  up to 10 hours
2  more than 10 hours but at the most 20 hours
3  more than 20 hours but at the most 30 hours
4  more than 30 hours but at the most 40 hours
5  more than 40 hours
Questions EU3 and EU4 are to be asked of all those aged 15-64.

**TO INTERVIEWER ON THE SCREEN**
Next there are two questions dealing with *unpaid* care for children at home.

*First is a question about whether you regularly *and without being paid* take care of other children than your own *or your partner's children that live in the household.*

By *regularly* we mean that the care for other children occurs on a daily or weekly basis.

**Question EU3**
Do you regularly care for children aged 14 or younger without being paid?
1  YES
2  NO
8  DO NOT KNOW
9  PARTIAL NONRESPONSE

**TO INTERVIEWER ON THE SCREEN**
The second question about *unpaid* care in the home is about whether you care for the sick who need care, disabled, the elderly, family members or other persons aged 15 years or older.

**Question EU4**
Do you regularly and without being paid take care of someone aged 15 or older who is in need of help?
1  YES
2  NO
8  DO NOT KNOW
9  PARTIAL NONRESPONSE

Question EU5a is asked of those who do not work full time and who answered YES to EU3 as well as those who do not work full time and have at least one child aged 14 or younger living in the household:

**Question EU5a**
The reason for you not working full time, is it due to suitable childcare is not available or too expensive?
1  YES
2  NO
8  DO NOT KNOW
9  PARTIAL NONRESPONSE
Question EU5a is asked of those who do not work full time and answered YES to Question EU4.

Question EU5aa
The reason for you not working full time, is it due to suitable care for the sick, handicapped or elderly is not available or is too expensive?
1 YES
2 NO
8 DO NOT KNOW
9 PARTIAL NONRESPONSE

Question EU6a is asked of those who do not work full time and answered YES to question EU5a.

Question EU6a
What is the main reason (in connection to childcare) that you do not work or only work part time?
1 There is no childcare
2 The childcare that is available is too expensive
3 The childcare that is available is too low quality
4 Other reasons in connection to suitable childcare
8 DO NOT KNOW
9 PARTIAL NONRESPONSE

Question EU6a is asked of those who do not work full time and answered YES to EU5aa

Question EU6aa
What is the main reason (in connection to care for relatives) that you do not work or work part time?
1 No other care is available
2 The available care is too expensive
3 The available care if too low quality
4 Other reasons in connection to the lack of care
8 DO NOT KNOW
9 PARTIAL NONRESPONSE
Questions EU7, EU8, and EU9 are asked to all employed persons aged 15-64. (Otherwise skip to EU10)

TO INTERVIEWER ON THE SCREEN
Now we come to some questions about your work.

Question EU7
How is your working time set up?

1. Fixed start and end time for the working day
2. Varied working time set by the employer
3. Flextime/working time banking Skip EU9
4. Daily number of hours fixed, but some flexibility within the day
5. I decide my own working (no formal boundaries at all) Skip EU9
6. In another way
8. DO NOT KNOW
9. PARTIAL NONRESPONSE

TO INTERVIEWER ON THE SCREEN
The following two questions deal with the possibility of varying your working time due to family reasons we spoke of earlier, that is, for the care of children or other persons in need.

Question EU8
Are you able to vary the working day's start or finish by at least an hour for these reasons?

1. Generally possible
2. Rarely possible
3. Not possible
8. DO NOT KNOW
9. PARTIAL NONRESPONSE

Question EU9
Are you able plan your working time so that you can take a day off without using holidays?

1. Generally possible
2. Rarely possible
3. Not possible
8. DO NOT KNOW
9. PARTIAL NONRESPONSE
Questions EU10, EU11 and EU12 are asked to all persons aged 15-64 with at least one child aged 8 or younger in the household. (OTHERWISE FINISH AND THANK RESPONDENT FOR TAKING PART)

TO INTERVIEWER ON THE SCREEN
The following three questions are about whether you have been absent from work in order to care for your youngest child. You should not include the weeks that are afforded in relation to delivering a baby.

FACTS ABOUT CHILDBIRTH LEAVE
As a mother you have the right to be completely free from work in connection to the birth of a child. One has the right to at least seven consecutive weeks before the estimated due date and seven consecutive weeks after delivery. One need not use parental benefits in order to use maternity leave.

As a father or other parent (this can also be transferred to other persons) to the child you have the right to compensation in the event of temporary parental benefits (often called "daddy days") when you are absent from work. One can have up to ten days of compensation per child.

To employed persons:
Question EU10a
Have you decrease your working time by at least one month in order to care for the youngest child?

To previously employed persons:
Question EU10aa
When you worked, did you decrease your working time by at least one month in order to care for the youngest child?

1 YES
2 NO
8 DO NOT KNOW
9 PARTIAL NONRESPONSE
To employed persons:

**Question EU11a**

Have you stopped working *for at least one month* in order to care for the youngest child?

To previously employed persons:

**Question EU11aa**

When you worked, did you stop working *for at least one month* in order to care for the youngest child?

1. Yes, up to 3 months
2. Yes, more than 3 months but at the most 6 months
3. Yes, more than 6 months but at the most 1 year
4. Yes, more than 1 year
5. Have not yet returned to work
6. NO
7. DO NOT KNOW
8. PARTIAL NONRESPONSE

To all 15-64 years old with at least one child 8 years or younger living in the household

**Question EU12**

Have you had full-time parental leave for at least one month in order to take care of the youngest child in the household?

1. Yes, up to 3 months
2. Yes, more than 3 months but at the most 6 months
3. Yes, more than 6 months but at the most 1 year
4. Yes, more than 1 year
5. Still on parental leave
6. NO
7. DO NOT KNOW
8. PARTIAL NONRESPONSE